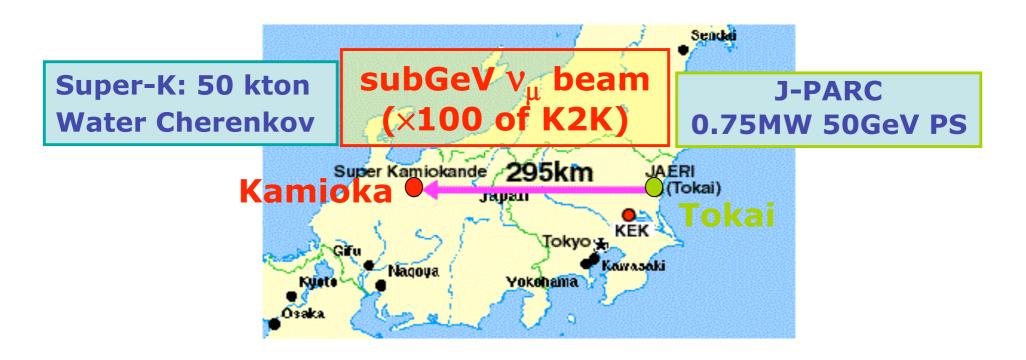
Status of T2K and ILC in Japan

Hiro Aihara
University of Tokyo

presented at Fermilab Users' Meeting on May 31, 2006

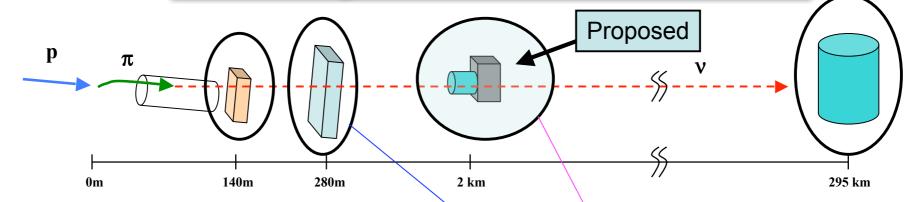
Long baseline neutrino oscillation experiment from Tokai to Kamioka (T2K)



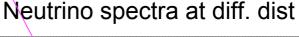
Physics goals of T2K-I

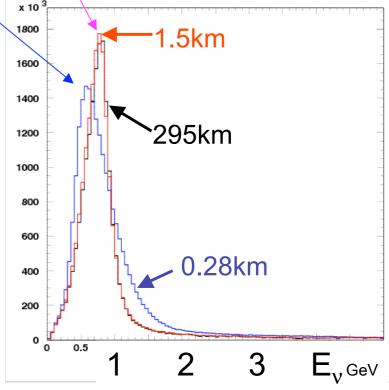
- •Observation of $V_{\mu \rightarrow} V_e$ appearance
- •Precision measurement of disappearance $\nu_{\mu \to} \nu_{x}$

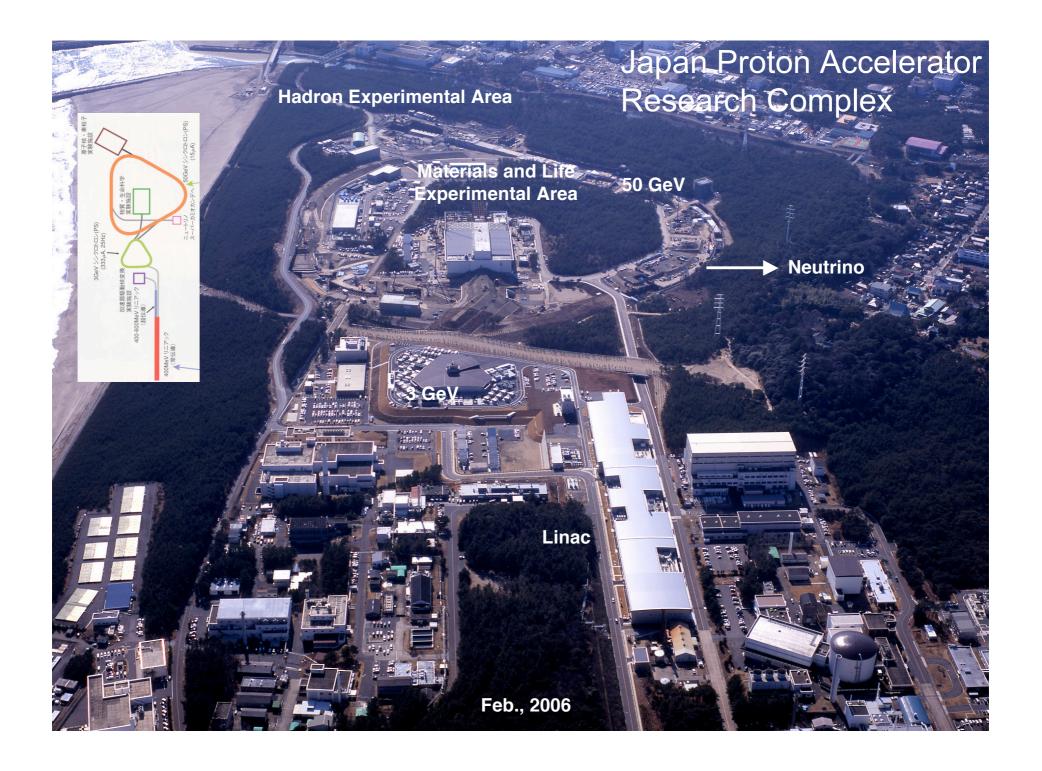
2.5 degree off-axis beam to SK



- Muon monitors @ ~140m
 - Fast (spill-by-spill) monitoring of beam direction/intensity $(\pi \rightarrow \mu \nu)$
- First near detector @280m
 - Flux/spectrum/ve off-axis
 - intensity/direction on-axis
- Second near detector @ ~2km
 - $-E_{v}$ spectrum identical to that at SK
 - facility request in Japan after commissioning of beam line
- Far detector @ 295km
 - Super-Kamiokande (50kt)







Neutrino Beam Line for T2K Experiment

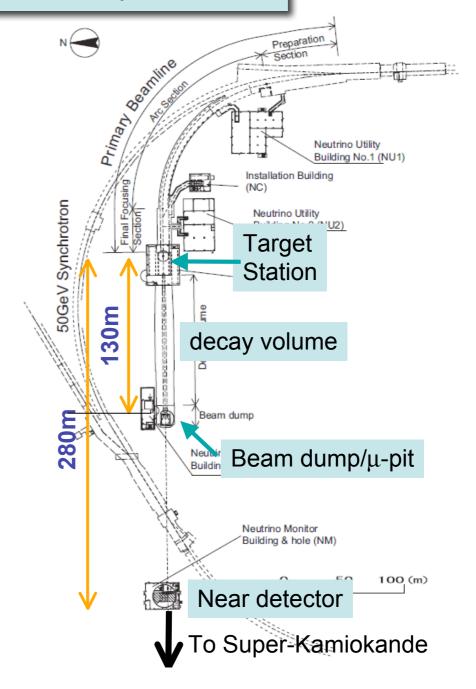
Special Features

- Superconducting combined function magnets
- Off-axis beam

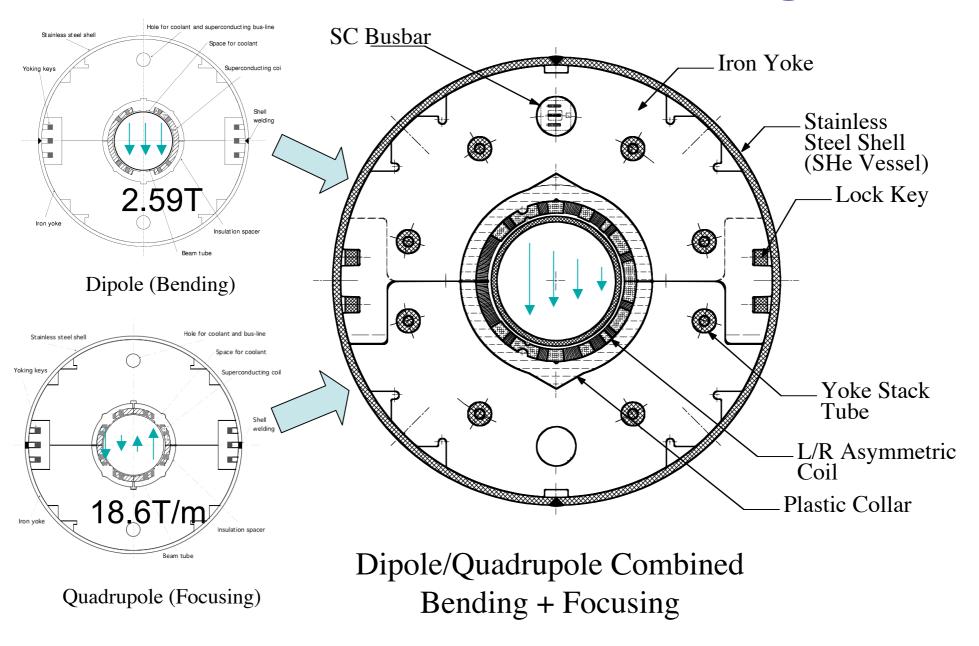
Components

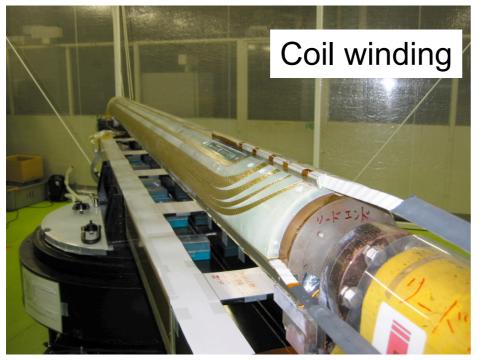
- Primary proton beam line
 - Normal conducting magnets
 - Superconducting arc
 - Proton beam monitors
- Target/Horn system
- Decay pipe (130m)
 - Cover OA angle 2~3 deg.
- Beam dump
- muon monitors
- Near neutrino detector

Construction: JFY2004~2008



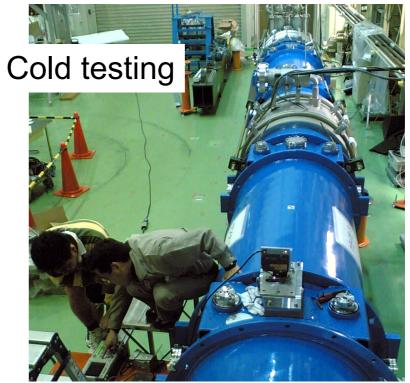
Combined Function SC Magnet





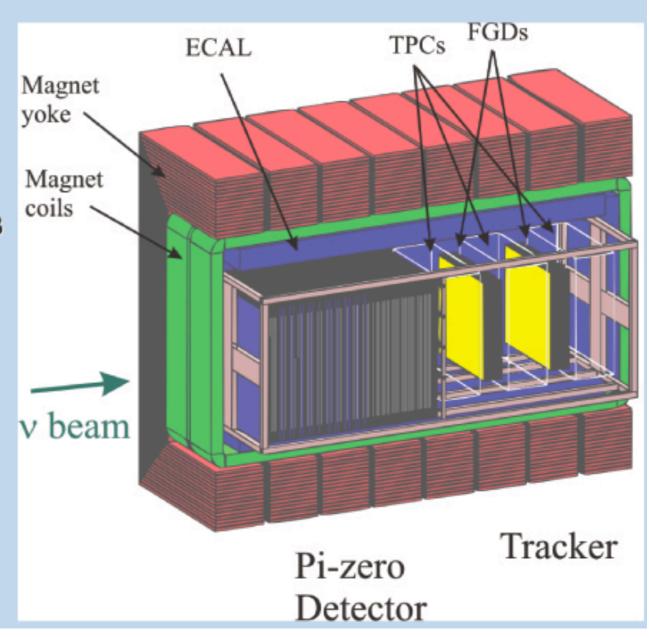






ND280 off axis detector: overview

- UA1 magnet provides 0.2 T
 B field
- inner volume:
 3.5×3.6×7.0 m³
- front optimized for π⁰ from NC
- rear optimized for CC studies
- surrounded by ECAL and muon detector



Pi-zero detector

designed to make high statistics measurements of ν interactions with electromagnetically

showering particles

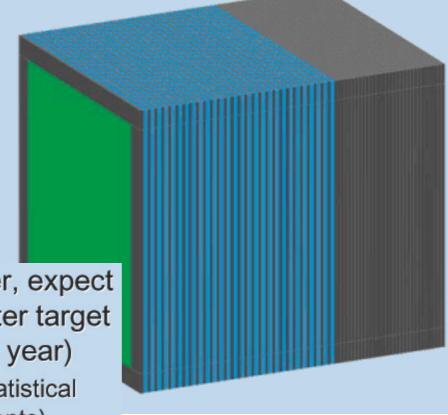
 scintillating bar tracking planes

 front section interleaved with passive water layers (blue)

With a fiducial mass of 1.7 tons of water, expect $\sim 17 \times 10^3$ NC single π^0 events in the water target for 10^{21} protons on target (one nominal year)

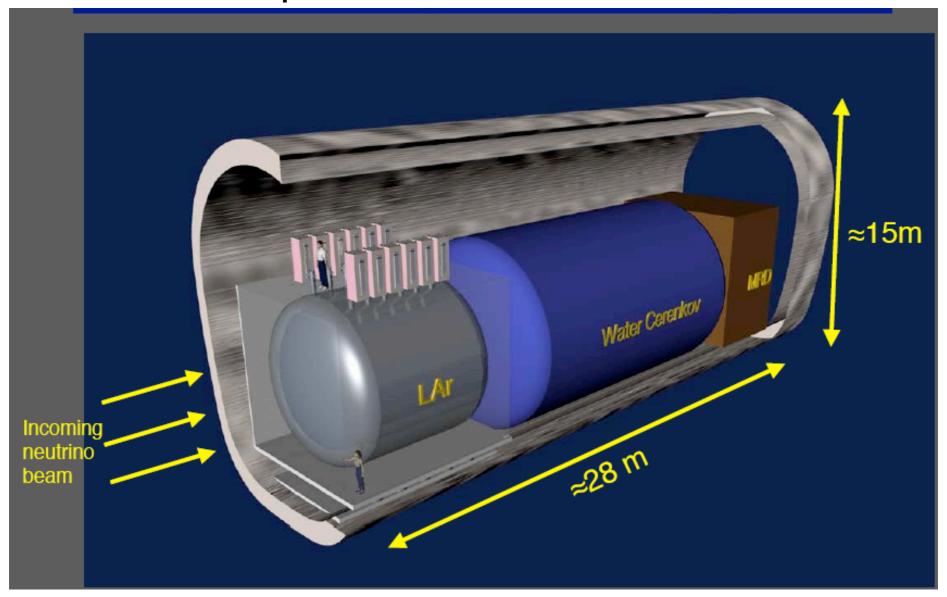
 must determine water cross sections by statistical subtraction (from total of ~60×10³ such events)

• eff. for π^0 reconstruction, p > 200 MeV/c: 50-60%

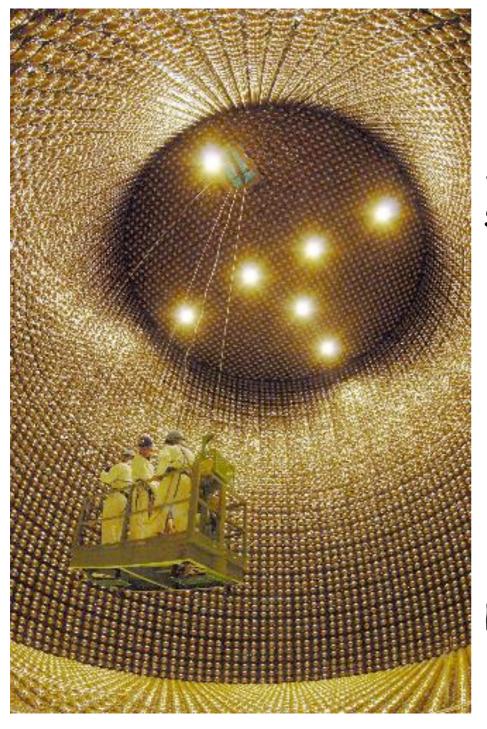


a la Minerva

Proposed 2km off-axis detector



Goal: improve systematics from ~10% to ~5%



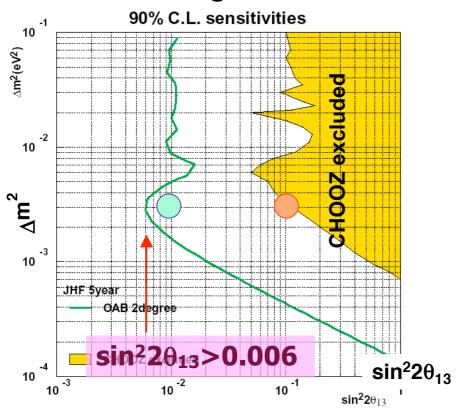
Far Detector

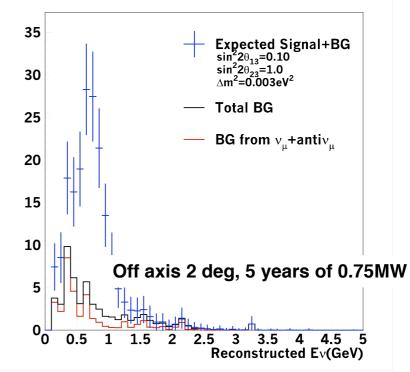
SK is back to full sensitivity to continue on

- Solar neutrinos (Eth down to 4MeV)
- Atomospheric neutrinos
- Super Nova neutrinos

Resume normal data taking in June.

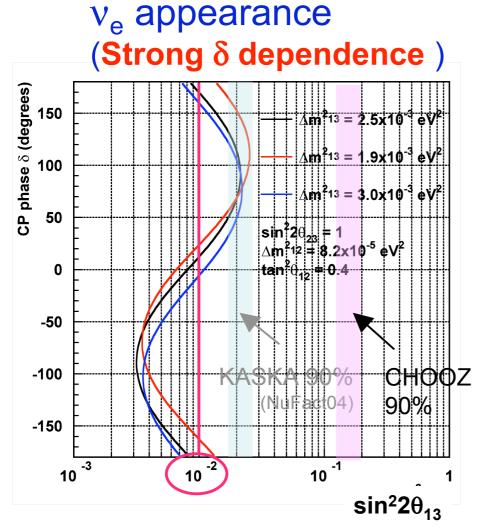
 v_e appearance : θ_{13}



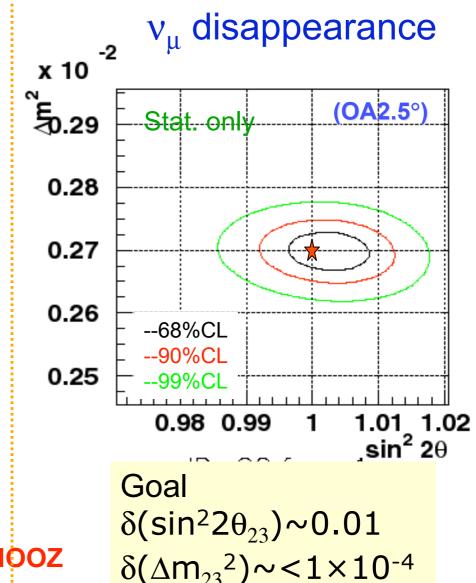


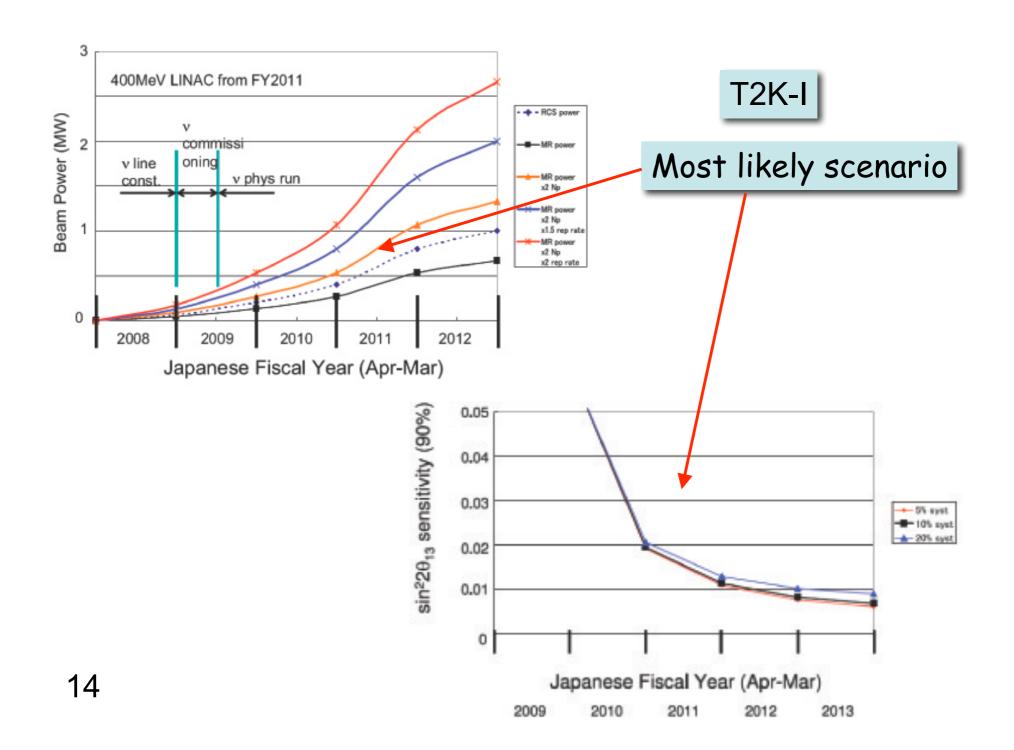
sin ² 2θ ₁₃	Estima	ited ba	Signal	Signal			
	$ \begin{matrix} \nu_{\mu} \\ (NC \pi^0) \end{matrix} $	ν _e beam	$\overline{ u}_{\mu}$	\overline{v}_{e}	total	(~40% eff.)	+ BG
0.1	12.0	10.7	1.7	0.5	24.9	114.6	139.5
0.01	12.0	10.7	1.7	0.5	24.9	11.5	36.4

T2K Physics Sensitivity without 2km detectors



a factor of >10 improvement over CHOOZ



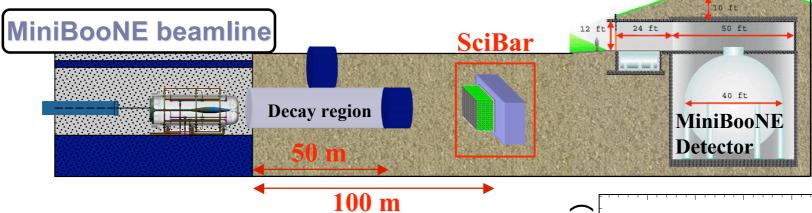




- 11 Countries (No. of members)
 - Canada(24), France(8), Italy(11), Japan(46),
 Korea(9), Poland(1), Russia(8), Spain(12),
 Switzerland(3), UK(25), US(42)
 - 58 Institutes, 189 members.

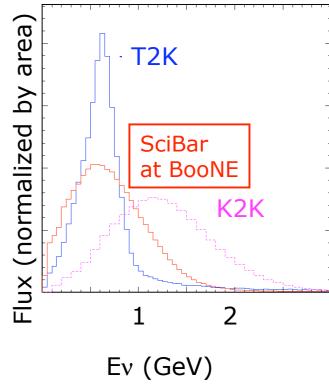
SciBooNE (FNAL E-954) [2006~ 2008]

(K2K-SciBar detector at FNAL Booster Neutrino Beam line)



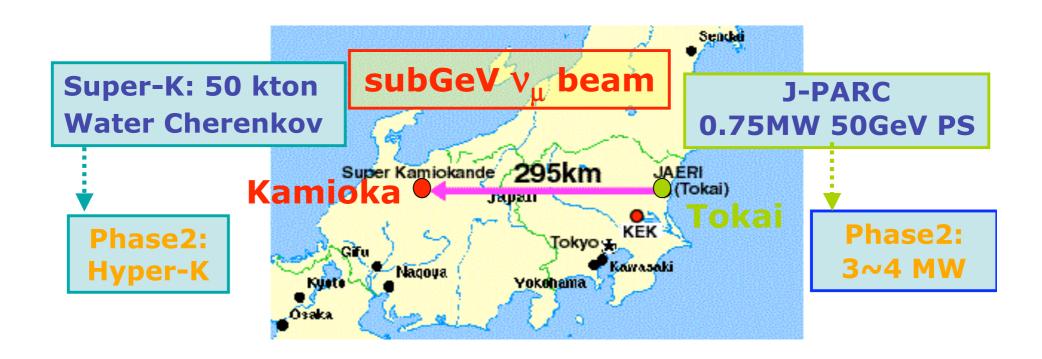
- Neutrino Interaction study for T2K.
 - For both neutrinos and anti-neutrinos.
- MiniBooNE near detector.

Scheduled to take data this winter.



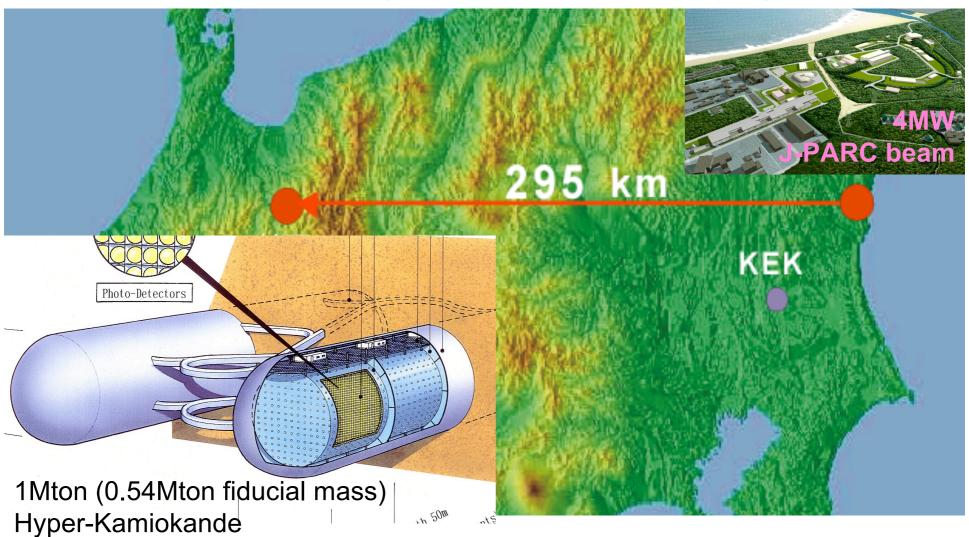
Options beyond T2K-I

T2K-II



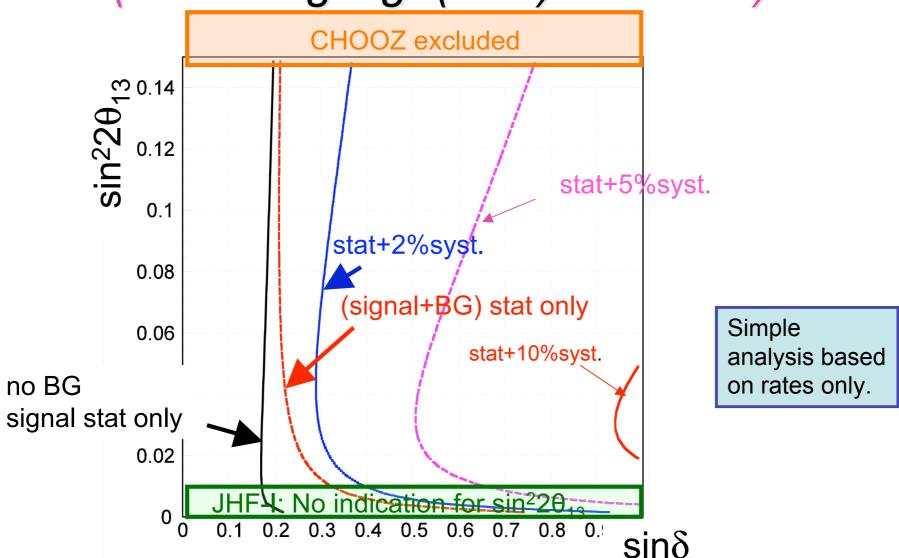
CP violation in lepton sector

T2K -II (baseline design)

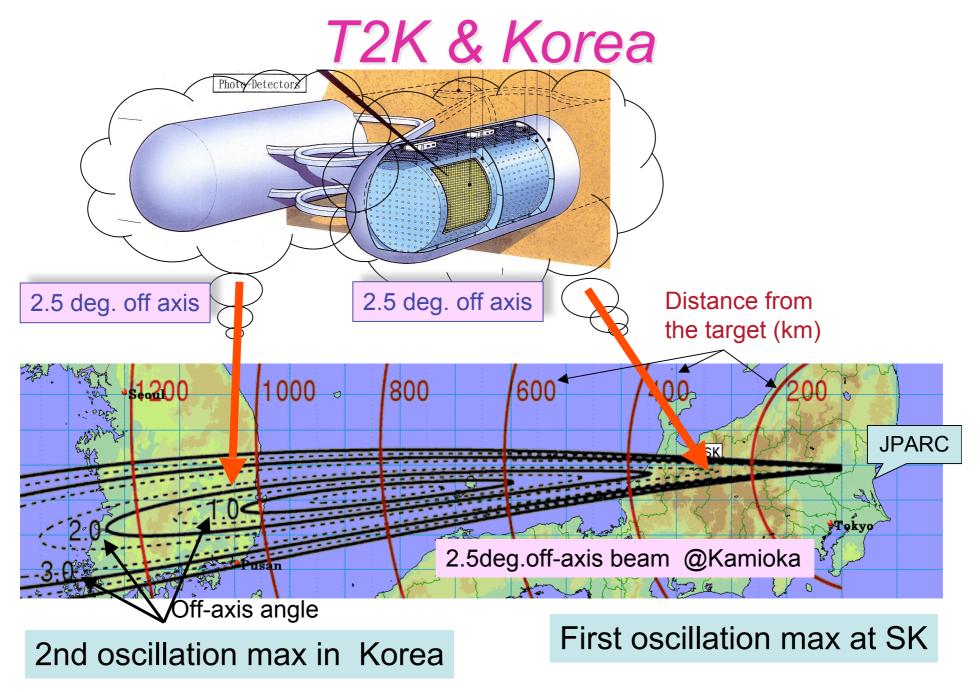


2years of v run + 6 years of anti-v run \rightarrow O(0.5 • 10⁶) events for both runs

3σ CP sensitivity (assuming sign(Δm^2) is known)



 3σ CP sensitivity : $|\delta| > 20^{\circ}$ for $\sin^2 2\theta_{13} > 0.01$ with 2% syst.

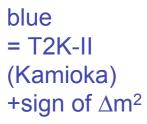


(Matter effect still small due to low Ev)

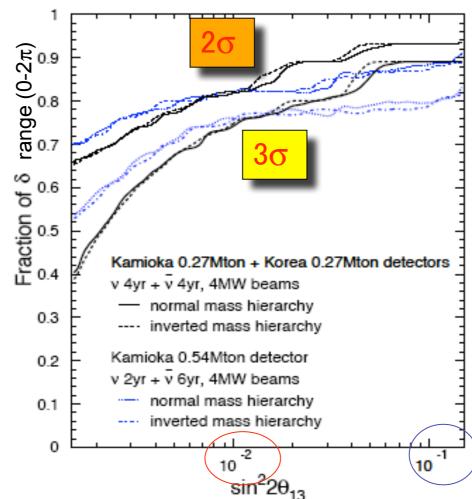
Expected sensitivity

Neutrino + anti-neutrino runs = 8 years

Sensitivity to $CP(\sin\delta \neq 0)$



black = Kamioka +Korea



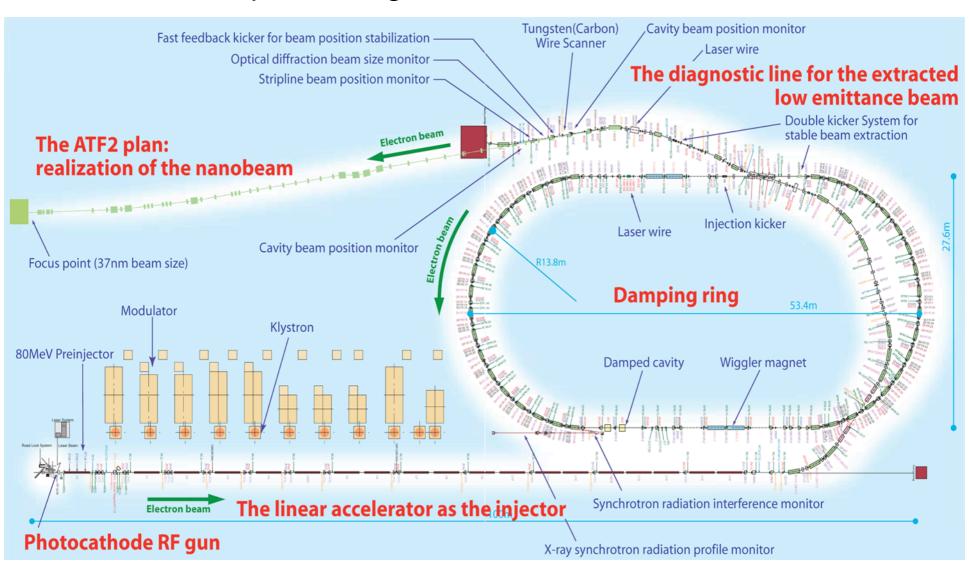
http://T2KK.snu.ac.kr

Second T2KK workshop in July13 &14

ILC activities in Japan

Accelerator Test Facility (ATF) 2

ILC Final Focus prototype: ~35nm beam size, beam positioning to 2nm, bunch-to-bunch feedback



Superconducting RF Test Facility (STF)

- Establish an industrial design of 35MV/m and 45MV/m cavity systems.
- Construct a linac unit by Asian/Japanese industries for accurate cost estimation.
- Build Asian regional center of superconducting technology so that Asian industries can participate in the ILC construction.
- Build up a pool of experts at both the labs and the industries towards future mass-production.

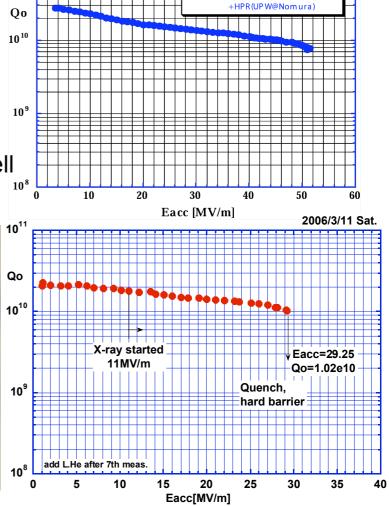
High Grad Cavity R&D

 10^{11}

- Baseline (TESLA-type) cavity
- Low Loss-type cavity
 Significant contributions from Korea and China

LL 9-cell

LL Single Cell



51MV/m on a single cell cavity with ICHIRO center cell shape

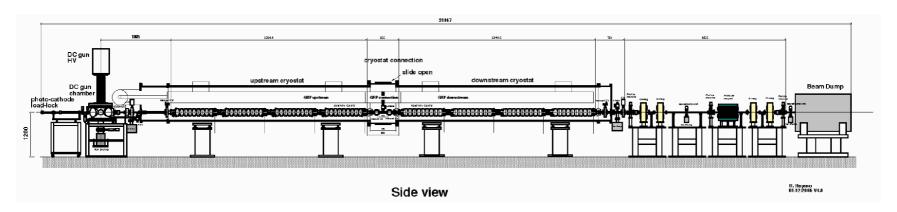
IS#6, KEK Recipe

STF Phase 1 (2005-6)

- 2 cryo-modules each containing 4 cavities of the type
 - TESLA-type (nominal target 35MV/m)
 - LL (Low Loss) type (nominal target 45MV/m)

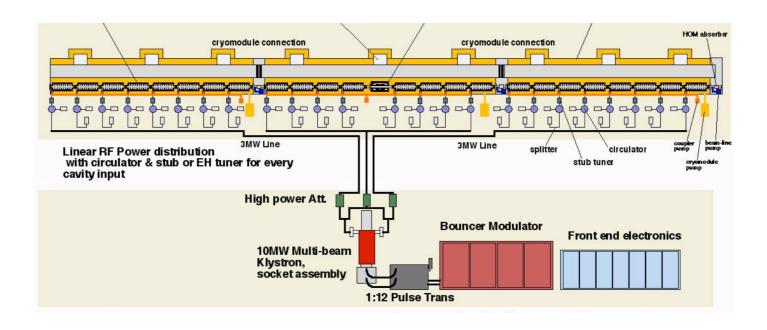
with

- 5MW klystron
- second hand modulator
- beam by DC photo-cathode gun



STF Phase 2 (2007-9)

1 RF Unit for ILC



- Design in 2007 (during phase 1 operation)
- Construction in 2008-9

Resources

		2005	budget 200		budget	2006	FTE
ATF/ATF2			326		325		15.3
	ATF maintenance	154		138		8.6	
	ATF study	115		76		2.3	
	ATF2	57		111		4.4	
STF			653		592		20.9
	Cavities	243		113		11.2	
	Cryogenics	48		40		0.7	
	RF	178		165		3.7	
	Cryostat	90		45		1.9	
	Beam/control	37		48		2.5	
	Infrastructure	57		181		0.9	
Travel			33		?		
Others			94		109		4.6
Total			1106		1026		40.8

Salaries not included.

in Myen

100Myen ~M\$

Detector R&D

- GLD related technologies
 - CCD Vertex detectors
 - TPC
 - Silicon photosensors for CAL
- SiD
 - 5T SC solenoid

Interim Report from ad hoc committee on the Linear Collider Project

January 30, 2006

Ad hoc committee on the Linear Collider Project

The member list of this ad hoc committee is as follows:

Akihito ARIMA Chairman of the Japan Science Foundation

Motoyuki ONO President of Japan Society for the Promotion of Science

Yoshitaka KIMURA Professor Emeritus, High Energy Accelerator Research Organization

Takeshi KOMURA Governor of Development Bank of Japan

Takeshi SASAKI Professor, Gakushuin University

Hirotaka Executive Director of The Graduate University for Advanced Studies

SUGAWARA (chairman)

Seiichi

TAKAYANAGI Technology Advisor of TOSHIBA Corporation

Yuichi

TAKAYANAGI Director of Tamarokuto Science Center

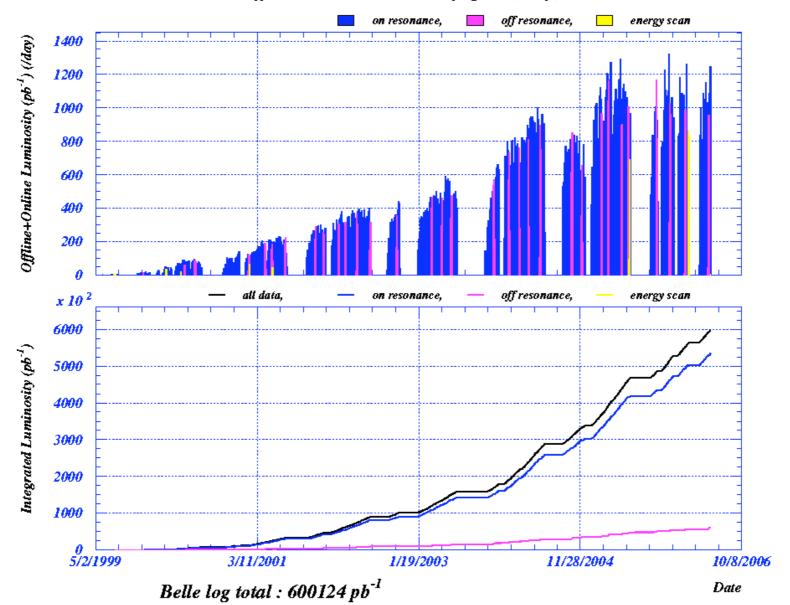
Muneyuki DATE President of Foundation Advanced Technology Institute

excerpts from recommendations

- 3. While the GDE has issued the Baseline Configuration Document (BCD) for the ILC, it does not contain any reference to an Asian sample site to consider for modeling a realistic cost studies. The KEK DG should quickly introduce a suitable description of the Asian sample site in the BCD. The Asian region should not fall behind other regions in the area of detailed cost studies with a realistic sample site.
- 4. KEK DG should lead the studies on a suitable international organizational structure for first promoting, then later executing, the ILC Project, with particular attention to its timely realization and later to hosting of the project in Japan. The KEK DG should lead the efforts to examine the role of KEK in that regard, including its possible reorganization in the future. The importance of aiming at the promotion of all scientific research in Japan must be noted.

• J-PARC/T2K is Japan's flagship project for the next 10 years.

 Realization of ILC is vital to HEP in Japan.



End